



(ARRIVAL : EVERY SUNDAY)

7D5N HOKKAIDO FUN TOUR

DAY 1 Singapore / New Chitose

Assemble at Singapore Changi Airport for your flight to Hokkaido.

DAY 2 Arrival at New Chitose Airport

Hotel: ANA Crowne Plaza Chitose or similar

Upon arrival in New Chitose Airport, take the shuttle service to hotel for check in. After check in, enjoy your own leisure time.

DAY 3 Chitose > Jigokudani (Hell Valley) > Mount Usu Ropeway > Showa-shinzan > Bear Ranch > Lake Toya

Hotel: Hilton Niseko Village or similar
(Hotel Breakfast / Seafood Pot or Japanese Lunch / Hotel Dinner)

Jigokudani (Hell Valley) It's an explosion crater of Mt. Kuttara, 450m in diameter and 11ha in area. About 10,000 tons of hot spring in various kinds is gushing out a day and supplied to accommodations in Onsen town. The views of boiling and bubbling water make Japanese visitors imagine Hell where demons live.

Mount Usu (有珠山, Usuzan) is a volcano which has erupted four times in the past 100 years. Its most recent eruption occurred in the year 2000. The Usuzan Ropeway brings you close to the volcano's summit. The upper station's observation deck offers panoramic views of Lake Toya and neighboring Showa Shinzan. From a second observation deck a short walk away, there are views of the ocean and Mount Usu's largest crater, which was formed in an eruption in 1977.

Showa-Shinzan is a volcanic lava dome which is 398 meters high, and is located 2 km east Mount Usu. Surprisingly, this mountain was formed for only 2 years from December 1943 to September 1945. "Showa" means the period of Emperor Showa (1926-1989), and "shinzan" means "new mountain".

Ezo brown bears Ranch, which is located at the summit of a 550-meter high mountain. When fed with snacks, the big brown bears stand up together and make "gimme" poses, which are very popular among the visitors. The "Human Cage," in which you can have a closer look at male brown bears, will astonish you.

Lake Toya, which is situated in the southwestern part of Hokkaido, belongs to Shikotsu-Toya National Park. Lake Toya is an ice-free lake. It never freezes, even in winter when the temperature falls quite drastically. The beauty of the ice-free lake can therefore be admired anytime during the year. There are big and small four islands called Nakajima in the middle of the lake, and on it is the Toyako Forest Museum, which is a part of the sightseeing boat route.



DAY 4 Goryokaku > Trappistine Convent > Kanemori Red Brick Warehouse > Night View from Mount Hakodate

Hotel: Minami Hokkaido Shikabe Royal Hotel or similar
(Hotel Breakfast / Japanese Lunch / Hotel Dinner)

Goryokaku is a western-style fort completed almost 150 years ago. A magnificent panoramic view of the entire star-shaped estate and surrounding moat unveils itself to visitors from the observation platform of the 107-meter Goryokaku Tower, which stands adjacent to the fort.

Trappistine Convent is a Catholic convent. The existing church building was built in 1927, featuring the mix of the Gothic and Romanesque styles, such as the brick exterior and the semicircular-arched windows.

Kanemori Red Brick Warehouse is one of the typical tourist facilities in Hakodate. The brick warehouses built in 1909 were totally renovated.

The night view from Mt. Hakodate is world-beating. This is a definite "must-see" when sightseeing in Hakodate.





DAY 5 Mount Yotei > Yoichi distillery > Otaru > Ginnokane (Tea Time) > Jozankei Onsen

Hotel: Hotel Shikanoyu or similar
(Hotel Breakfast / BBQ Lunch / Hotel Dinner)

Mount Yotei It is 1,898 meters high and the shape is similar to Mount Fuji, so it is often called "Ezo-fuji". It is a solitary mountain, therefore we can see it from every side. This is a volcano, but the last eruption was about 6,000 years ago. At the foot of this mountain, there are several springs of delicious water.

Yoichi Distillery is a Japanese whisky distillery. It is located at Yoichi, a town in the Yoichi District, Shiribeshi Subprefecture, Hokkaido, Japan. The distillery is owned by Nikka Whisky Distilling, and was opened in 1934.

Otaru is a small harbor city, about half an hour northwest of Sapporo by train. Its beautifully preserved canal area and interesting herring mansions make Otaru a pleasant day trip from Sapporo or a nice stop en route to or from Niseko or the Shakotan Peninsula.

Ginnokane In those days the bells of Hokkaido's opening (Kaitaku no Kane) were the actual bells used at the stations on the Temiya line, even today one used is still on display at the Minami Otaru Station. Back then the winters were longer and colder, and the town, bay and railroad were blanketed in snow. Even in the thickness of those winters, the bells of Hokkaido's opening, shone bright with the brilliance of snow just like a bell of silver (Gin no Kane). The store Gin no Kane as a reminder to never forget brilliant brightness.

Jozankei Onsen (Hot Springs), one of the most popular hot spring districts in Hokkaido. The hot springs contain sodium chloride such that when you soak in it you find your body warming from the inside. The history of the Jozankei Hot Springs dates back to 1866, when Miizumi Jozan, an ascetic monk, discovered the hot springs and opened a healing spa. Jozankei is also famous for its scenic beauty.

DAY 6 Historical Village of Hokkaido > Former Hokkaido Government Office > Sapporo Clock Tower (Drive pass) > Duty Free > Tanukikoji

Hotel: Sapporo Excel Hotel Tokyu or similar
(Hotel Breakfast / Kani Honke Lunch)

Historical Village of Hokkaido. The main entrance to the village is the old Sapporo Station building. Upon entering the village, you will be in an atmosphere typical of the frontier period of Hokkaido (mid 19th to early 20th century). A horse-drawn trolley provides transportation along the main street, which is lined with old wooden and stone buildings. Farm life is displayed in traditional houses built by immigrants from Honshu. In autumn, harvest festivals will be held at the Shinto shrine in the village.

The Former Hokkaido Government Office was used for approximately 80 years until the new government office currently in use was built. Constructed in 1888, the building is an example of American neo-baroque architecture. Architectural details such as the warped glass created in the Meiji Period and the heat-retaining double doors stored in an ornamental frame exude functional beauty.

Sapporo Clock Tower (Drive pass) The building is of American design and is one of the few surviving Western-style buildings in Sapporo, a city developed in the 1870s with assistance from the American government. It is known by many as the symbol of the city and is a main feature of almost all domestic and international tours of Sapporo. The clock after which it is named continues to run and keep time, and the chimes can be heard every hour.

Tanukikoji is a shopping arcade that has been in operation since the frontier period. It's a great place to buy Hokkaido souvenirs!

DAY 7 Departure New Chitose

(Hotel Breakfast)

After breakfast, free and easy. (Own arrangement to airport)



Special Meal Arrangement:
Seafood Pot, BBQ, Kani Honke

Shopping Stop: Duty Free

Included Compulsory Tour: Mount Usu Ropeway, Lake Toya Cruise, Bear Ranch, Ginnokane, Historical Village of Hokkaido

EXCLUSION

- International Flight ticket & Airport Taxes
- Tipping of SGD48 per person (Adult / Child same price)
- Personal insurance
- VISA (if required)
- It is compulsory for all tour participants to complete the full itinerary. In the event of not complying the requirement, rest of the tour will be abandon, hotel will be cancel and a penalty surcharge of SGD70/pax/day.
- No refund for no show and any unused portion of the packages during tour.
- The above itinerary is for reference only, and is subject to any necessary changes in accordance to local requirement.
- Final and correct accordance of itinerary will be based on Chinese version itinerary. All hotel ratings are based on local terms.

(每周日抵达)

七天五夜北海道

第一天 新加坡 / 新千岁空港

在新加坡樟宜机场集合，准备搭乘客机，开始愉快的旅程。

第二天

出發地 > 千岁空港 > 酒店

(早/午/晚餐)

宿：千歲全日空皇冠廣場或同級

抵达日本新千岁空港后自行前往酒店入住休息(可乘坐机场至酒店的付费巴士)，养精蓄锐，准备开始日本的精彩行程。

第三天 千岁 > 登别地狱谷 > 有珠山索道 > 昭和新山 > 可爱熊牧场 > 洞爷湖游船

(早: 酒店内享用 / 午: 海鲜锅或日式定食 /

晚: 酒店内享用)

宿：二世古希爾頓酒店或同級

[登别地狱谷] 火山爆发后由融岩所形成的奇形诡异的谷地，为北海道遗产之一。地狱谷是在约一万年所形成的爆裂火山口遗迹，从地底下冒出滚滚的热水和水蒸气，以及火山强烈喷发出的气体，使得这一带的空气中到处弥漫着硫磺味。

[有珠山缆车] 有珠山缆车大自然的壮丽美景，感动人心。搭乘缆车从昭和新山到有珠山顶附近，单程约6分钟，全长1370公尺。乘著缆车一面俯瞰洞爷湖和昭和新山一面上升。有珠山空中缆车将带您到火山顶附近，由山顶的“有珠山火山口展望台”可以眺望火山口。

[昭和新山] 这是世界上罕见的岩塔型火山。因为它为昭和初年所爆发的活火山，故称昭和新山，火山爆发所隆起的山嶺，原本高度只有270公尺，后来因为地壳不断地活动，山的高度日益增加，至今它仍是一座成长中的「新山」；从昭和新山红褐色的山脉中见到地热白烟喷出。

[熊牧场] 牧场里约有160头纯种北海道棕熊，您可自行购买苹果或饼干，亲自体验喂熊的乐趣，可爱的熊群们会拍手，也会单手接住您要喂它们的食物。

[洞爷湖游览船] 游览船环游由4个岛屿构成的中岛。在湖上，可以聆听到被羊蹄山、昭和新山、有珠山及大自然环抱湖面的波浪声，尽情感受四季之美。



第四天 五棱郭公園 > 百年女子修道院 > 金森倉庫 > 函館夜景

(早: 酒店内享用 / 午: 日式定食 /

晚: 酒店内享用)

宿：南北海道鹿部皇家酒店或同級

[五棱郭公園] - 五棱郭是日本江户时代末期由江户幕府在虾夷地的箱馆(现北海道函馆市)郊外建造的一座星形要塞，与同一时期建成，位于长野县佐久市的龙冈城同样被称为“五棱郭”，但是多数提及五棱郭便是指位于函馆的城迹。五棱郭获日本政府指定为特别史迹，并且作为“五棱郭与箱馆战争的遗迹”而入选北海道遗产。与此同时，五棱郭是由文化厅管有的国有财产，由其授权予函馆市，并且交由函馆市住宅都市施設公社(指定管理者)负责管理。

[百年女子修道院] - 這是一所天主教修道院。現有的教堂建築始建於1927年，兼具哥特式和羅馬式建築風格，例如，磚結構的外牆和半圓拱形的窗戶就兼具這兩種風格。

[金森倉庫] - 這是函館的一個典型旅遊設施。該磚結構倉庫建於1909年，現已經過全面整修。七個倉庫有紀念品商店及餐廳等共計50餘家。

[函館夜景] - 函館山的璀璨夜景依四季變化各展風情，秋季天晴空氣明淨，視野更為遼闊；而到了冬季，街燈及五光十色的霓虹燈反射在街道潔白的積雪之上，為夜景增添繽紛光彩；在易於起霧的夏季，則可欣賞彷彿罩上面紗般的迷濛景致。



第五天 羊蹄山湧泉 > 余市酒廠 > 小樽運河散策 > 銀鐘咖啡館下午茶(贈可愛咖啡杯) > 定山溪

(早: 酒店內享用 / 午: 烤肉餐 / 晚: 自理)
宿: 定山溪鹿之湯或同級

[羊蹄山湧泉] - 自羊蹄山所流下來的雨水及雪水滲透至地底下，經過自然的過濾過程，而凝聚成甘甜的泉水。此水經過經年累月的累積，含有各式各樣的養分，因此在1985(昭和60年)年被環境廳指定為名水100選之一。

[余市酒廠] - 北海道【余市蒸餾所】以“煤炭直火蒸餾法”生產著名的“NIKKA WHISKY”酒。威士忌酒的生产对环境的要求很严格，余市的自然环境与威士忌的故乡苏格兰也十分相似，所以选择在此地建厂。

[小樽運河散策] - 在此可与情人漫步于罗曼蒂克之古老运河街道里，周围并排着明治、大正时代由红色砖瓦所建造的仓库群，宁静中漂流着乡愁的气息。

[銀鐘咖啡館下午茶](贈可愛咖啡杯) - 银之钟是指馆外的银色钟，本名为[开拓之钟]。[银之钟]的得名源于冬天白雪覆盖钟面时闪闪发亮的银白色。小憩片刻，喝一口醇香的饮料，那个可爱的咖啡杯就是你的咯!

[定山溪] - 定山溪温泉位于札幌市的街道向南26km的地方，在支笏洞爷国立公园内，绿色泉水丰富之美名。定山溪历史悠久，修验道·美泉丁山始于庆应2年(1866年)在阿依努人的带领下相遇泉源之时。克服重重困难才奠基了这样的温泉基础，基于此功绩，此地被命名为“定山溪”

第六天 北海道開拓村 > 舊道廳 > 時計台(車窗) > 免稅店 > 狸小路散策

(早: 酒店內享用 / 午: 蟹本家 / 晚: 自理)
宿: 東急札幌卓越大飯店或同級

[北海道开拓村] <http://www.kaitaku.or.jp/> (停留时间大约为60分钟左右) 北海道开拓村是一座室外博物馆，可以学习开拓时代的生活、文化、产业和经济的历史，1983年为纪念北海道一百周年而建。大面积的场地分为市区群、渔村群、农村群和山村群，移建和复原了住宅、学校、工厂和商家等50多栋珍贵建筑。当时的交通工具如马车铁路、马雪橇等还在场地内运行，可以乘车游玩。同时这里也是赏枫的好去处。

[旧道厅] 为红砖建造的巴洛克风格欧式建筑；因为过去为北海道最高行政机关北海道厅所在地，又称为旧道厅或北海道厅旧厅舍，或依其外貌直接称为红砖，为北海道的象征。现已指定为日本国家重要文物财

[時計台] 是日本北海道札幌市的著名地标，亦是北海道少数保存至今的美式建筑，为日本19世纪引入西方教育以及北海道开垦时期的象征，现已列为重要文化遗产。



[综合免税店] 种类繁多的商品，提供给您送人自用皆宜最佳的购物选择

[狸小路] (停留时间大约为60分钟左右) 狸小路商店街已经有120年以上的历史，早在明治年代，这个区域就已经是商家云集的繁华街道，当时负责拉客的是脖子涂满白粉的女孩，宛如狐狸般的样貌，因此早期这里被称之为狐小路，后来才改名为狸小路。狸狸小路位于札幌市中心南2条~3条至西1~7丁目一带的北海道最大的商店街，狸狸小路商店几乎与薄野一带的繁华街连成一片，宽敞干净，头顶是玻璃天棚，明朗透亮，购物环境舒适。

[蟹的本家] 高级料理，用不同的烹饪方法料理最新鲜的螃蟹，

第七天 千岁空港 > 出發地

(早: 酒店內享用)

宿: 温暖的家 预祝 旅途愉快!

特色美食:

海鲜锅，成吉思汗烤肉，蟹本家 - 高级螃蟹料理<http://www.kani-honke.co.jp>

购物店:

综合免税店

费用含指定自费:

有珠山索道，洞爷湖游船，熊牧场，银钟咖啡，北海道开拓村

费用不含:

国际/国内机票及其税项，导游小费48/PAX(需全额支付，大小同价)，个人旅游、医疗保险，签证费用一切纯属私人性质的消费；因私人原因及航班延误等其他不可抗拒的因素引起的额外费用

旅客必须完成所有行程安排，假如旅客要求中途自行离团，視同全程放棄，飯店將會被取消，旅行社有權力向旅客收取脫隊費用SGD70 / 每位/每天

以上行程仅供参考，如果遇到天气或交通等人力不可抗拒因素，各景点可能作出调整或更動前後次序，本公司保有一切修正行程的權利；酒店等级皆以当地标准为根据，所有参团者被视作同意以上条款论。